

Challenges to our Future Tree Seed Supply:

Seed Production Efficiency Practices

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Seed Produced in Orchards is mainly deployed on public lands in BC

- Must meet certain standards:

Genetic diversity (N_e)

Genetic Gain (GW)

Adaptability

Resilient against insects and diseases

Gamete Contribution Effects on Ne

Clones	p	p ²		p	p ²
1	0.3	0.09		0.7	0.49
2	0.2	0.04		0.2	0.04
3	0.3	0.09		0.1	0.01
4	0.2	0.04		0	0
Sum:	1.0	0.26		1.0	0.54
Ne = 1/Σp ²		3.8			1.8
(Ne/Nc)		0.95			0.45

Seed Production Options to Increase Ne:

- Cone inductions using phytohormones
- Combine crops from previous years
- Supplemental Mass Pollinations
- Unequal clonal representation in orchard
- Avoid relatedness in selections

Successful seed crops do not guarantee that all assumptions are met....

- Are gamete estimates reliable and accurate
- Random mating and mating dynamics
- Family differences in seed germination behaviour

Cone analysis

Pedigree analysis using molecular tools

Germination tests

Pollen Contamination

Reduces genetic gain

More impact on advanced generation orchards:

Reduces adaptability of seedlings

Affects future harvest levels and allowable cut allocations

Pollen contamination is difficult to estimate

Only reliable way is to use molecular tools

SNP chip technology

Possible to have a chip for several conifer species

More R&D required to make it operationally feasible

Seed Production Research

- Forestry on Public Lands
 - Moral obligation to use best information as model inputs: Public Trust
- Verify our assumptions
- Unforeseen problems: Be prepared!
- Many seed orchards are ideal research installations

Research Needs

- Research in orchard seed production was done with early selections
 - Advanced generation parents with genetic gain above 25 to 30%
- Use of forward selections may create relatedness in orchards
 - Mating preferences or barriers?
 - Pedigree analysis using molecular approaches: SNP chips

Research Needs cont.

- Pollen contamination will have more impact:
 - Detection and Estimation
 - Prevention
- Supply chain: From seed production to seedlings in the field